

Pt. Name:	نبيله عوض حسين حيدر		Lab Number:	2036-2026	
Pt. Age:	Adult.	Gender:	Female	Received date:	2026-04-07
Referred By:	o.p		Reported date:	2026-04-11	

PATHOLOGY REPORT

Clinical Information.	History of Behcet's disease presenting with severe abdominal complications, including peritonitis, multiloculated infected intra-abdominal fluid collections, active enterocolitis, and a suspected leak from an ileostomy site.
Nature of specimen.	Biopsy

GROSS:

Soft tissue fragments collectively measured 2.5x2x1 cm, totally embedded.

MICROSCOPIC:

Submitted soft tissue fragments reveals extensive areas of severe, active acute and chronic inflammation. The sections are predominantly composed of a dense inflammatory cell infiltrate rich in neutrophils admixed with lymphocytes, plasma cells, and histiocytes. This dense infiltrate is enmeshed within a background of abundant fibrino-purulent exudate, localized hemorrhage, and extensive necrotic debris displaying prominent nuclear karyorrhexis. Intact, specialized organ architecture (such as well-formed bowel mucosa) is not readily identifiable; rather, the tissue primarily represents an inflammatory mass or organizing exudate. There is no evidence of granulomas, viral inclusion bodies, dysplasia, or malignancy in the examined sections.

DIAGNOSIS:

Soft tissue (intra-abdominal contents), biopsy:

- Extensive acute inflammation with marked fibrino-purulent exudate, hemorrhage, and necrosis consistent with abscess formation (peritonitis with localized collection).
- Negative for specific granulomas.
- Negative for malignancy.

Pathologist

Prof. Dr. Neveen Tahoun, MD, PhD
11-04-2026

Nerveen Tahoun